

## ALLIES AND FOES HOLD FIRST MEETING

## One Dead, 200 Hurt in Cleveland Riot

## ENEMY ENVOYS PRESENT CREDENTIALS; WILL NOT GET TERMS UNTIL MONDAY

## SEC DANIELS PUSHES PLAN TO RULE SEA

'Must Act to Kill Any Conquest Desires That May Still Exist.'

London, May 1.—A large naval international police force will be necessary under the League of Nations plan immediately after peace is declared, in the opinion of Joseph W. Daniels, American secretary of the navy, and one of the objects of his trip abroad is to discuss with the admirals of Italy, France and England some details as to this force, particularly the types of vessels desired.

"The desire of conquest may still linger in the hearts of some nations after peace," said Secretary Daniels, "and such nations must be shown that it would be unprofitable to attempt to accomplish these desires."

Strength depends on League's, as the League of Nations becomes established, Secretary Daniels added, the naval police force would be decreased in proportion to the strength of the league.

The secretary has just returned from a visit to the interned German battle fleet at Scapa Flow. He declined to discuss disposition of these ships.

In a conference with newspaper correspondents today and in a speech at a joint luncheon of the Anglo-American societies and the Sulgrave institute, Joseph Daniels, American secretary of the navy, made no apologies for the big naval program of the United States. In his speech he emphasized what he considered the absolute necessity for a big American navy should the league of nations fail to function.

Can Cut Program. To pointed questions of British correspondents the secretary explained that the action of congress could be changed by the president should the league of nations provide for smaller armaments.

At the luncheon Secretary Daniels recalled the cooperation of Admirals Chichester and Dewey at Manila Bay, of which this day was the 21st anniversary. He predicted that the cooperation of the British and American navies would continue.

## NAVY TUG LOST; 16 MEN DROWN

Gypsum Queen Sinks Off French Coast After Aiding Mine Sweeping Fleet.

Washington, May 1.—Two officers and 14 men of the crew of the naval tug Gypsum Queen were drowned when that vessel struck a rock and sank near Arment, off the coast of France, on April 28, while returning to Brest after assisting a fleet of mine sweepers in distress.

Three of the sweepers, the Courtney, Douglas and James, were found in a storm. All members of their crews and 17 officers and men of the Gypsum Queen were rescued by tugs and destroyers.

## SEE IMPROVEMENT IN CONDITION OF SAMUEL GOMPERS

New York, May 1.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who was injured here Sunday when a surface car crashed into his taxicab, shows decided improvement, it was stated this morning by his physician.

## The Weather

Fair tonight and Friday; continued cool tonight; slowly rising temperature Friday.

Temperature at 7 a. m., 46; highest yesterday, 50; lowest last night, 45.

Velocity of wind at 7 a. m., 12 miles per hour.

Precipitation, 12 inch.

Relative humidity at 8 p. m., 98; at 8 a. m., 95.

## RIVER FORECAST.

Slowly falling stages in the Mississippi will continue from below Dubuque to Muscatine until heavy rains occur.

Station—Stage Change

St. Paul ..... 10. —3

LaCrosse ..... 9.6 —2

Dubuque ..... 13.4 —2

LaCrosse ..... 9.3 —2

Davenport ..... 11.7 —4

J. M. Sherier, Meteorologist.

## SOLDIERS RUSH MOBS IN PARIS MAY DAY TIEUP

Thousands Sweep Past Infantry—Other Cities in Move.

Cleveland, O., May 1.—A riot broke out in the downtown section at 2 p. m., when a red flag carried by a marcher wearing a uniform and leading a Socialist May day parade, was knocked down by a returned soldier who took the flag away. This started a general fight, scores of police, soldiers and civilians battling with the marchers.

The dead man was a by-stander who was killed when a patrolman fired at a rioter.

Two Policemen Shot. More than two score persons, many of them women, were injured in a series of riots that followed entrance to the downtown section of the Socialist May day parade.

All police reserves, Liberty loan trucks and army tanks were called out to help quell the fights.

Two policemen were shot by the marchers and 12 persons, men and women, were in the hospital shortly after the riot started.

Rush Red Flag. A woman riding in a truck called to the leader of the parade to drop his red flag. When the latter refused Lieutenant Sewski and Virgil Cone, a sailor, leaped from the truck, tore the flag from the bearer and knocked him down.

Several marchers attacked the Liberty loan truck and in a moment the entire street was a fighting mass. Police rush to the rescue in emergency automobiles and drew their clubs and revolvers in an attempt to disperse the mob. Sewski and Cone were injured by clubs, no other persons were hurt.

While the foot patrolmen fought against odds with the angry marchers, the entire force of mounted patrolmen galloped up. The rioters continued to fight and many of them were badly injured by clubs.

Paris, May 1.—While Paris and a great part of France was tied up today by labor's 24-hour general strike as a demonstration for better working conditions and changes in certain governmental policies, no disorders had been reported up to this afternoon.

Several persons were slightly injured in clashes with troops resisting the passage of crowd here this afternoon. No shots were fired, but a few individuals were slapped with swords.

Later, crowds which gradually had been assembling in the Place Madeleine, broke through the infantry cordons stretched between the Madeleine and the Place de la Concorde and swept down the Rue Royale. Cavalry drove them back into the side streets but several thousand reached the Place de la Concorde.

Paris was gloomy this morning as the weather was unfavorable for celebration of May day. The rain continued and the cold was rather uncomfortable. There were no carriages, auto busses or taxicabs on the streets and no newspapers appeared.

Irish Observe Day. London, May 1.—"May day" promises to pass uneventfully in Europe with the notable exceptions of Berlin and Paris where practically every activity will be suspended because of 24-hour strikes.

All Irish workers except those in the northern parts of the island ceased work today. The railroads, newspapers and other industries closed in compliance with the order from the powerful Transport Workers' union.

Walk New York Demonstration. New York, May 1.—Efforts of Socialists toward a May day celebration were balked by Chief of Police John J. Garrity, who refused to issue a permit for a parade, although importuned by Seymour Steadman and other prominent Socialists. The parade had been planned as a protest against the imprisonment of Eugene V. Debs, and against the conviction of Victor Berger of Milwaukee. The Socialists planned to hold a number of mass meetings.

Red Flags in Chicago. Chicago, May 1.—Some red flags which unemotional policemen removed from the roofs of two downtown elevated stations today, were strong on May day radicalism, but weak on spelling.

The flags bore these legends: "Long Live of the All World," "Proletarian dictatorship," "Honor of the World," "Socialist federal soviet republic," and "down with the capitalist imperialist system."

At the department of justice, the crude handling of simple words and the poorer ones, suggested that the display was that of a foreigner who faithfully copied, letter by letter, familiar radical phrases, but got into trouble when he tried original words.

## BOMBS STILL BEING FOUND OVER NATION

Sent Senators Cummins, Smoot and Overman—Open War on 'Reds'.

Washington, May 1.—The postmaster at Salisbury, N. C., telegraphed today that a package containing a bomb similar to those found in New York had been received there addressed to Senator Overman. The postmaster is holding the package.

As acting chairman of the senate judiciary committee, Senator Overman had charge of the espionage act and many other measures dealing with law enforcement during the war. He is also chairman of the special committee investigating German and other radical propaganda.

It was said here that the Salisbury package bore the Gimbel Brothers' mailing label, and in every way resembled those found in New York.

Reports from every section of the country indicated that a thorough search still was being made of the mails. In Washington a close watch was kept on all official mail.

Every postoffice employee engaged in handling mail throughout the country was an embryo detective today and every parcel and package was carefully scrutinized in an effort to locate anything that might contain bombs.

Officials have no way of knowing how many of the packages were placed in the mails but this morning there had been no reports of new discoveries.

Three More Found. New York, May 1.—Three more infernal machines mailed in the May day plot to kill prominent men are reported to have been discovered at Gimbel's department store, having been recently returned there by the postoffice authorities for additional postage. They were said to have been addressed to United States senators.

One For Senator Cummins. A clerk at Gimbel's store who discovered the packages and turned them immediately over to the postoffice authorities, said that he recalled the addresses and the names on two of the packages were those of Senator Smoot of Utah and Senator Cummins of Iowa.

It was indicated by the police that before night there would be a general round-up of extremists of all types in this city and suburbs.

While thirty-six bombs have been delivered or intercepted in various places, the likelihood that other infernal machines will be brought to light in the next 24 hours does not comfort me.

The postmaster said that evidently the packages were mailed with a view of reaching the address on or about May 1. This is indicated by the fact that parcels reaching the Pacific coast bore the postmark of April 23. Those detained here were put in the mails April 26.

The bomb experts worked six and one-half hours in opening one of the packages.

"It does not resemble any machine I have ever come across," said Owen Egan, an expert on infernal machines. "It is the neatest and from the standpoint of mechanical arrangement, the cleverest I have ever seen."

Open War on Radicals. Persons in touch with the federal and municipal authorities predicted today that the haunts of the Reds would be invaded and many radicals deported. This opinion was expressed after a conference which ended after midnight attended by Police Commissioner Knight, to whom one of the bombs was addressed, District Attorney Swan, United States Marshal Thomas McCarthy, and department of justice investigators.

It is understood that the officials decided to stop leniency toward anarchists and others of their type in New York.

It was announced that the only bomb package opened here was addressed to Postmaster General Burson. Inspector Owen Egan of the bureau of combustibles said the other 15 would be unwrapped today.

One Sent Landis. Chicago, May 1.—Bomb experts of the government are today awaiting word from Washington before opening the package believed to contain an infernal machine, consigned to Judge Kenesaw M. Landis. The package, eight and one-eighth inches long and two inches square, answers in every detail the one sent to Hardwick, and which blew off the hands of a maid in his home and injured Mr. Hardwick.

Judge Landis is at Rockford, Ill., and learned of the mysterious package while holding federal court there, treating the matter casually.

## RICH FARMER AND SERVANT FOUND SLAIN

Mystery Shrouds Double Murder at Jerserville, Ill.

Jerserville, Ill., May 1.—Mystery today shrouds the double murder of Stephen M. Reddish and Mrs. Rachel Cisco, whose bodies were discovered in the Reddish home yesterday. The discovery was made by a son of Reddish, who called to take his father to St. Louis, where Mrs. Reddish was undergoing treatment.

Reddish, who was 68 years old, was a prominent retired farmer. Mrs. Cisco was the family's colored maid.

There is no clue. It is thought the murders entered the home through a window. Both victims were shot.

Reddish had been shot twice through the head as he slept. The servant had been shot three times, as she had apparently attempted to arise from her bed.

The murder must have been committed some time Friday night, for Reddish's Saturday papers were found in the mail box on the front porch.

Son at House Monday. Clarence Reddish went to his father's home Monday, but finding the doors locked, concluded his father must have gone to St. Louis to visit Mrs. Reddish, who was in a hospital there. Another son, Dr. Horace G. Reddish, had accompanied his mother there two weeks ago and had remained in St. Louis.

Clarence Reddish does not know where his father was. He was at the house again yesterday and so entered it today after Dr. Reddish had telephoned to Clarence to come to St. Louis to help bring their mother home.

Clarence suggested that his father might help, but was informed that his father was not with them.

Clarence then became anxious and telephoned to the Reddish farm in the Nutwood district to see if his father was there, but was informed he was not.

Finds Bodies. Reddish then went to his father's home and in company with D. E. Beatty he entered the house and went upstairs, where he found the bodies.

A strong box in which Reddish kept his private papers had been opened, but two watches in it had not been taken. Although wealthy, Reddish never kept much money in the house, according to his son's statement. The authorities are in the dark regarding the motive for the crime.

REPUBS OPPOSE LODGE'S ACTION

"Progressive" Group of Senators Object to "Keeping Mum"—Say League is Not Party Question.

Washington, May 1.—Several Republican senators of the group known as "progressive" let it be known today that they opposed having the league of nations covenant considered at a Republican conference with a view of determining the attitude of the party toward the document.

Senators Johnson of California; Jones of Washington; McNary of Oregon; and Borah of Idaho made statements declaring the league could not be made a party question.

They were commenting on the action of Senator Lodge, leader, and Senator Curtis, whip, in telegraphing Republican members of the senate to withhold expressions concerning the league until a party conference could be held. Senator Norris of Nebraska said he did not oppose the conference, but would refuse to be bound by any action it might take.

SANGAMON COUNTY SALOONS CLOSE UP

Diversion, Ill., May 1.—The whole of Sangamon county is officially "dry" today. The saloons of this county have closed their doors, and will no longer exist, theoretically. The closing hours last night were without any unusual happenings.

The women's vote a month ago resulted in the town going "dry." The men's vote was in favor of remaining "wet," but the women's vote carried. This is the second time Diversion has lapsed into a "dry" spell, the town having been in the "dry" column for two years, some time ago.

SHELVE OLD WAR SHIPS.

Washington, May 1.—Three of the four battleships which helped destroy Admiral Cervera's fleet off Santiago in 1898, are to be placed out of commission and their names given to new ships. They are the Ludovico, Massachusetts and the Iowa.

## REPORT REDS QUIT RUSSIAN CAPITAL CITY

Bolsheviki Leave Petrograd—Hungarians and Bavarians Losing.

London, May 1.—The Hungarian communist government, a wireless message from Budapest says, has offered the Rumanian government territorial concessions and requested an immediate cessation of hostilities.

Helsingfors, April 30.—Petrograd is being evacuated by the bolsheviks, reports from reliable sources say. Many of the inhabitants are being sent away and the bolshevik government is taking rigorous measures to prevent the news of the happenings at Olonetz from reaching the people.

Trotsky in Appeal. Copenhagen, May 1.—The soviet government of Russia is making extraordinary efforts to get troops for an offensive against Admiral Kolchak, in eastern and southeastern Russia, according to a dispatch filed at Lihau on Tuesday.

Leon Trotsky appealed for quick action, saying: "It is necessary to defeat Kolchak within the shortest possible time."

It is planned at Moscow to mobilize 10 per cent of the professional unions and 20 per cent of the communists.

Along the Murmansk railway the bolsheviks, under allied pressure, have withdrawn to positions 24 miles west of Petrozavodsk, on the western bank of Lake Onega.

A Russian wireless message says the bolsheviks had advanced south of Archangel, and that on the eastern front the Siberians have been driven back 20 miles in the region of Orenburg.

Must Bavaria Reds? Copenhagen, May 1.—The soviet government at Munich has been overthrown, says the Berlin correspondent of the Berlinische Tidende.

The ring of government troops is closing around Munich, according to Berlin dispatches. The villages of Schongau and Uding have been captured from the soviet forces without loss. They are about forty miles northwest of the city.

Berlin, May 1.—Communist leaders are fleeing from Munich as the Bavarian troops advance.

(By Associated Press.) There are reports that the soviet regime at Munich has been overthrown, but other dispatches state that the German government troops still are some distance from the city, although closing in.

MORE INTEREST IN LOAN DRIVE

Officials Report Spurt in Campaign—Subscription Total Given as \$1,130,679,000.

Washington, May 1.—The treasury today reported that the loan drive has more than 12 counties of Arkansas are over-subscribed and 15 counties have not reported. Southern Indiana has 14 over, and one unreported. Mississippi has 10 over and three unreported. Illinois has nine counties over and five unreported. In Tennessee three have passed 100 per cent and five have not reported while in Kentucky 19 are over and 15 are unreported.

The Chicago district reports 517,222 subscribers.

The first trade committee to obtain its quota in Chicago, the treasury announced, included the Breweries, Distillers and Tobacco dealers. A telegram from one of the leaders given out by the treasury said they had "done the job cheerfully," despite prohibition and high taxes.

New York, May 1.—Victory Liberty loan subscriptions in the second federal reserve district totaled \$274,148,350 at 10 a. m. today. This represented an overnight gain of \$30,364,500.

AVIATORS HELD UP AGAIN BY WEATHER

St. Johns, N. F., May 1.—Weather conditions again this morning were unfavorable for an early start of the trans-Atlantic flight. The wind was from the southwest, with thick fog to seaward.

## SERBIAN KING LAUDS RELIEF OF AMERICANS

Pictures Shown Ruler By Davenport Man Prompts Words.

Athens, Sunday, April 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—King Peter of Serbia, who is living in a little suburban retreat overlooking the Bay of Pireaus, six miles from here, expressed through the Associated Press today the "profound gratitude of the Serbian nation for the Christian charity of the American people so marvelously organized by the Red Cross."

The venerable monarch, who will be 75 years old in June, spoke with great feeling of the assistance given by Americans to refugees, repatriated prisoners and wounded soldiers who since the armistice have poured into Serbia.

"The smiles which the American Red Cross has brought to the faces of my people," he said, "are the best expressions of gratitude I can give the American nation for those smiles and the reflections of hearts and souls touched by the kindness of a greater people."

Davenport Shows Pictures. King Peter was prompted to speak by two photographs he had received from Major Daniel J. McCarthy of Davenport, Iowa, in charge of Red Cross relief work at Scopolje, Serbia. One showed ragged, barefooted, despairing women and children in front of the Red Cross relief station at that place and the other showed the same group after having received baths, clothing and food. One was a picture of misery and dejection, the other of contentment and joy.

"You have checked tears, dispelled sorrow and alleviated the sufferings of our mothers, sisters and children," said the king.

Is Grateful. "Personally I am profoundly grateful for this Christian charity," he continued, "because spring from the people and indeed a part of them, I do as they do, and simply say to the American people: 'Thank you, thank you, with all my heart.'"

The aged ruler's health, while improved since his last illness, is still far from good. His right side is paralyzed and he spends much time in bed, being able to walk only with crutches. He lives in a room flat that might be the home of a laboring man. The rental is less than \$35 a month and the furniture and equipment is plain. The king does not even enjoy the common convenience of an automobile. When he is able to travel he uses a motorcycle sidecar. This modest conveyance, which is of American manufacture, is driven by the king's bodyguard.

Lives in Seclusion. The aged monarch keeps himself in such seclusion that even his own minister in Athens has been able to see him only once in 18 months, his statement to the Associated Press today was his first public announcement in more than a year.

As soon as the railroad from Saloniki to Belgrade is restored King Peter plans to return to his private monastery outside his capital.

"My last years," said the aged ruler, reflectively, "which now indeed must be all too few to desire much, will be spent simply. I loved Serbia as free, and I believe in its future. I define only the continued affection and devotion of my dear people and finally a simple grave in Serbian soil."

STATE SENATE PASSES DRY ACT

Jewell Search and Seizure Measure Is Passed 29 to 11—Bill Now Goes To House.

Springfield, Ill., May 1.—By a vote of 29 to 11, the senate today passed the Jewell search and seizure bill to enforce prohibition in Illinois. It was warmly debated. It now goes to the house.

The Jewell bill prohibits the sale, purchase or transportation of intoxicating liquors in dry territory.

It does not apply to liquor for medicinal, chemical, sacramental or manufacturing purposes. Any person who handles liquor would be required to obtain from the attorney general a permit to do so.

Amendments to the original measure throw additional safeguards about private residences, which protect them from search on suspicion. Intoxicating liquor is defined as that containing one-half per cent alcohol.

Senator John D. Boehm, Democrat, of Chicago, attacked the bill, declaring it would produce the "whisky druggist" and the "whisky doctor."

Senator Stephen D. Canaday, Democrat, of Hillsboro, said the bill was "the most contemptible ever introduced." He confined his remarks largely to an attack on the anti-saloon league for which he said he had "the utmost contempt" because of their methods.

## ENEMY ENVOYS PRESENT CREDENTIALS; WILL NOT GET TERMS UNTIL MONDAY

CHINA OBJECTS TO LAND GRANT; JAPS ARE FIRM

Chinese Parliament Demands Kiaochau Be Restored.

Tokyo, May 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—The diplomatic advisory council voted today to adhere to Japan's attitude relating to the Shantung peninsula and to make no concessions or compromises at Paris, according to newspapers here.

Peking, Wednesday, April 30.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Chinese parliament today protested to the award of the five great powers at Paris, against transfer of the control of Kiaochau to Japan.

Both houses request that Kiaochau be restored direct to China without condition.

Paris, Wednesday, April 30.—(By the Associated Press.)—All German rights at Kiaochau and in the Shantung province are to be transferred without reserve to Japan, according to an agreement reached today by the council of three. Japan voluntarily engages to hand back Shantung province in full sovereignty to China, retaining only the economic privileges granted Germany and the right to establish a settlement at Tsing Tao.

Approval by U. S. The American delegation to the peace conference regards this agreement as the best possible solution of the far eastern problem to be obtained without risking a break similar to that when the Italian delegation left Paris. Confidence is felt that the league of nations, which will have control over the future relations between Japan and China and will guarantee the future territorial integrity and independence of China, will be sufficiently strong to safeguard Chinese interests and insure the return to all China's rights in the Shantung province.

President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George and Clemenceau are especially eager for the withdrawal of allied troops from China. They are confident that the league of nations can speedily solve pending disputes when military pressure is eliminated.

Japs Pleased. A great difference of opinion prevails in conference circles as to the effect that the compromise will have in far eastern affairs. The Japanese are pleased over the actual wording of the agreement.

The owners of the railway out of Kiaochau will use special police only to insure the security of traffic. This force will be composed of Chinese, with such Japanese instructors as the directors of the railway shall select, and who are appointed by the Chinese government. All Japanese military forces are to be withdrawn.

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Actual Peace Congress Is Delayed to First of the Week—All Ready.

Versailles, May 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—The official meeting between allied representatives and the German peace delegates will take place at 3 o'clock this afternoon. A committee from the allies and the United States will receive the German credentials at the same time.

The opinion prevails that the peace preliminaries will be communicated to the Germans Tuesday afternoon.

Paris, May 1.—Various lesser details of the peace treaty were taken up today by the council of three, among them the question of the captured German cables.

With the Kiaochau problem disposed of, the Adriatic question is the only highly important problem remaining unsettled.

(By the Associated Press.) Possible delay in the handing of the peace terms to the German delegates at Versailles is indicated in late advices from Paris. The function may have to go over to next week while questions as to the powers of the enemy's representatives and their qualifications as spokesmen for Bavaria, are being looked into. Today the Germans turned in their credentials for examination.

All in Readiness. Versailles, Wednesday, April 30.—(By the Associated Press.)—The spacious dining room of the Hotel Tajan today received its peace congress installation—three long tables in horse-shoe form, covered with the traditional green cloth of diplomacy and framed of chance. The installation is imposing in the size of each of the side tables, which extend some fifty feet through the room. At the head of the apartment is a table about 35 feet long at which representatives of all the great powers will be seated with President Poincare or Premier Clemenceau in the center.

Inside the horseshoe is another table covered with red plush and in the space between one side of the horseshoe and the windows a similar table. In the window openings are smaller tables for secretaries.

Date Not Announced. This is the scene for the handing over of the terms of peace. The exact date of the ceremony has not been announced. The French government however, has carefully observed the timing of the day and it is a fair presumption that this is due not only to the problem, whether the intervening time will be long enough to verify the credentials of the German plenipotentiaries but also to the certainty that the draft of the treaty can be completed by Saturday. Questions relative to the adequacy of the powers of the German delegates and their qualifications to speak for Bavaria, may delay the handing over of the treaty.

German Not Noted. All the German delegates, including Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the foreign minister, were out for a brief stroll today despite inclement weather. There was a busy coming and going of subordinates between the three hotels occupied by the mission. The Germans excite little curiosity in Versailles the day and it is by rub elbows with the Teutonic visitors, scarcely taking note of them.

ITALIAN PEACE ENVOYS CONFER

Understanding Hoped for as Tension Lessens—Their Return to Paris Expected.

Rome, Wednesday, April 30, 8:30 p. m.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Italian peace delegation will leave today to consider the situation. The meeting came after conferences Premier Orlando had had with the king and American Ambassador Page.

King Victor Emmanuel received reports from Poincare and discussed the peace situation with him. The king expressed satisfaction at the vote of confidence of the Orlando ministry by parliament last night.

(By the Associated Press.) Reports from Poincare and Rome indicate a disposition on the part of both the council of three and the Italians to reach some sort of understanding as to the Fiume question so that the Italians may return to the conference without loss of dignity. Conversations between Premier Orlando and Thomas Nelson Page, American ambassador, took place yesterday at Rome.

LATE BULLETINS

St. Johns, N. F., May 1.—Chances for the start this afternoon of the trans-Atlantic flight, planned by Frederick P. L. Layman and Harry G. Hawker, were considered favorable at 1 p. m., with the prospect of virtually ideal weather conditions.

Washington, May 1.—Postmaster-General Burleson today refused to consider the request of Clarence H. Mackay for the immediate return of the Postal Telegraph lines to private ownership.

San Salvador, Wednesday, April 30.—The earthquake which occurred here day before yesterday was the worst ever registered in this country. Several lesser tremors have been felt since. Many people are sleeping in the plazas. A large number were hurt.